

## 5.4 Factoring with Special Cases

Multiply

Factor

Difference of Squares

Ex 1:

Ex 2:

Multiply

Factor

Perfect Square Trinomials

Ex 3:

Ex 4:

Ex 5:

Ex 6:

Ex 7:

Ex 8: Solve and Sketch.

Ex 9: Find the zeroes and sketch.

YOU TRY:

1) Factor:

2) Factor:

3) Find the zeroes and sketch:

Summarize your notes:

#### 5.4 Practice Problems

Directions: Factor each completely.

1)  $v^2 - 12n + 36$

2)  $16r^2 - 40r + 25$

3)  $-36x^2 + 49$

4)  $6v^2 + 90v + 300$

5)  $5x^2 - 20$

6)  $75x^3 - 30x^2 + 3x$

7)  $2r^2 - 4r + 2$

8)  $18x^2 - 38x - 48$

9)  $-9x^3 + 16x$

Directions: Solve each equation. Sketch it.

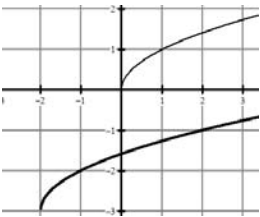
10)  $4v^2 = 1$

11)  $25b^2 = -10b - 1$

12) $12v^2 - 18v = 0$	13) $245x^2 + 45 = -210x$
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Directions: Find the zeroes of the function, then sketch the quadratic.

14) $f(x) = 5x^2 - 15x - 270$	15) $h(x) = 50x^2 + 80x + 32$	16) $g(x) = 5x^2 - 45$
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Algebra Skillz		
<p>Below, the graph of <math>f(x) = \sqrt{x+2} - 3</math> is sketched in bold. Its parent function <math>f(x) = \sqrt{x}</math> is represented by the thin curve.</p>  <p>1) Describe the translation of the parent graph.</p> <p>2) How does the translation relate to the equation?</p>	<p>3) <math>4\sqrt{54} - 4\sqrt{24}</math></p> <p>4) <math>-2\sqrt{7}(10\sqrt{7} - \sqrt{14})</math></p>	<p>5) Solve: <math>(x+4)(7x-1) = 0</math></p> <p>6) Factor and solve. <math>x^2 - 9x + 8 = 0</math></p>

#### 5.4 Application and Extension

1) Factor:  $12x^2 - 18$

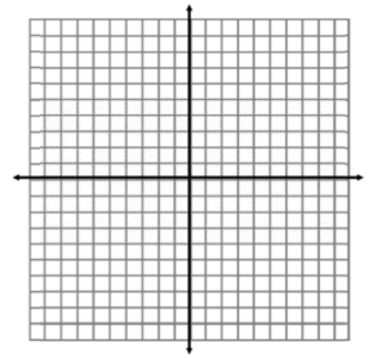
2) Solve and sketch.  $-g^2 + 24g = 144$

3) For the following use the function,  $f(x) = x^2 + 10x + 25$

- a) Find the zeroes. Plot them on the graph.

- b) Find the axis of symmetry and vertex using the formula from 5.2. Graph the quadratic.

- c) What is true about the vertex and zeroes of the quadratic?

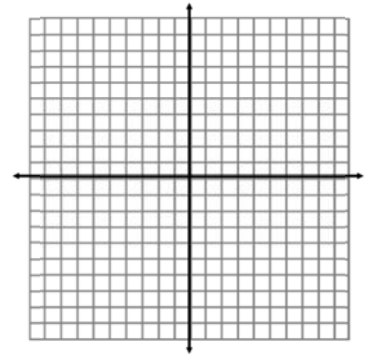


4) For the following use the function,  $g(x) = x^2 - 12x + 36$

- a) Find the zeroes. Plot them on the graph.

- b) Find the axis of symmetry and vertex using the formula from 5.2. Graph the quadratic.

- c) What is true about the vertex and zeroes of any perfect square trinomial?

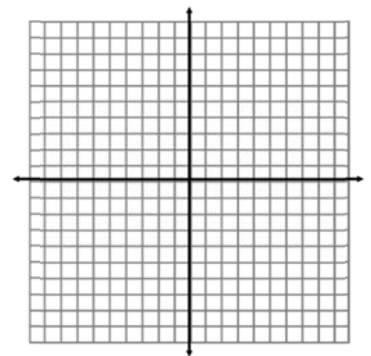


5) For the following use the function,  $h(x) = x^2 - 9$

- a) Find the zeroes. Plot them on the graph.

- b) Find the axis of symmetry and vertex using the formula from 5.2. Graph the quadratic.

- c) What will be the axis of symmetry for any difference of squares? Why?



**SAT PREP** Below are sample SAT questions. The SAT is the main standardized test that colleges look at for admission. One is multiple choices; the other is free response where you must grid in your answer. Blow it up.





### MULTIPLE CHOICE

Which of the following cannot be factored using perfect square trinomials or difference of squares?

- (A)  $y = x^2 - 576$   
(B)  $y = x^2 + 64x + 1024$   
(C)  $y = 2x^2 - 450$   
(D)  $y = 9x^2 - 15x + 25$

**GRID IN**

$X = ?$  for the axis of symmetry of the function,  $f(x) = 4x^2 - 20x + 25$

			
	0	0	0
1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6
7	7	7	7
8	8	8	8
9	9	9	9